DISTRICT OF NEW JER		
MIKE OVADIA,		Civil Action No.:
-against-	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT
CITIBANK, N.A.,	Defendant(s).	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

# INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Plaintiff MIKE OVADIA ("Plaintiff"), by and through his attorney, M. Harvey
Rephen & Associates, P.C. by Edward B. Geller, Esq., P.C., Of Counsel, as and for his
Complaint against the Defendant CITIBANK, N.A. (hereinafter referred to as
Defendant(s)"), respectfully sets forth, complains and alleges, upon information and
belief, the following:

## **INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

- 1. Plaintiff brings this action on his own behalf for damages and declaratory and injunctive relief arising from the Defendant's violation(s) under Title 47 of the United States Code, §227 commonly known as the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA).
- 2. Defendant is subject to, and required to abide by, the laws of the United States and the State of New York, which include the Telephone Consumer Protection

Act of 1991, 47 U.S.C. §227, et seq. ("TCPA") and its related regulations, including 47 C.F.R. §64.1200 ("TCPA Regulations"), as well as the opinions, regulations and orders issued by the Federal Communications Commission to implement and enforce the TCPA, the telemarketing regulations issued by the Federal Trade Commission, 16 C.F.R. §310.4(d)(2).

## **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff MIKE OVADIA is a resident of the State of New Jersey, residing in Lakewood, New Jersey.
- 4. Defendant (s), CITIBANK has a Corporate Headquarters located at.399 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10043.

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 5. The Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to <u>28 USC §1331</u> and <u>28 U.S.C. §2201</u>. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367(a).
  - 6. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 7. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "6" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 8. On or about August of 2016, Defendant began communicating with the Plaintiff by placing autodialed phone calls to his cell phone numbers of 516-519-2657 and 516-519-2677.

- 9. In response to the calls he was receiving, the Plaintiff called into the Defendant on August 16, 2016 and was connected with a female representative. The Plaintiff gave the representative his wife's information to access the account.
- 10. Once the account was located the Plaintiff stated that he wanted Defendant to stop contacting him by auto dialer and text for all his numbers, which the Plaintiff proceeded to give to the representative.
- 11. The representative stated that she was updating the account and the call was concluded.
- 12. The Defendant continued to contact the Plaintiff on his cell phones even after his request f to stop was made on August 16<sup>th,</sup> 2016. Since that date the Plaintiff has received at least 800 autodialed calls from the Defendant and 500 texts.

# (Violations of the TCPA)

- 13. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "4" through "12" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 14. According to the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 USC §227(b)(A)(iii), "It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States, or any person outside the United States if the recipient is within the United States (A) to make any call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior consent of the called party) using any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice--- (iii) to any telephone number assigned to a paging service, cellular telephone service, specialized mobile radio service, or other radio common carrier

service, or any service for which the called party is charged for the call, unless such call us made solely to collect a debt owed to or guaranteed by the United States."

It has been determined that the statute language adding "or" any service 15. for which the called party is charged, is not accurately interpreted to require that Plaintiff must claim that Defendant's calls incurred charges. See Breslow c. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. 857 F. Supp 2d 1316, 1319 (S.D. Fla. 2012) and Cavero v. Franklin Collection Serv., Inc., 2012 WL 279448 (S.D. Fla. 2012). A number of Courts have addressed the issue of a Plaintiff being charged, with all agreeing that the TCPA does not require a Plaintiff who received calls on his/her cell phone to allege that he/she was charged for the call. For example, in Manno v. Healthcare Revenue Recovery Grp., LLC, 289 F.R.D. 674 (S.D. Fla. 2013), the Court held that "The TCPA does not require the Plaintiff to be 'charged for' the calls in order to have standing to sue." In Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B., 746 F.3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014), the Court stated: If the phrase 'any service for which the called party is charged for the call' requires that the party be charged per call for the 'paging service, cellular telephone service, specialized mobile radio service, or other radio common carrier service' in order for the party to prohibit autodialed calls, then the listing of these services would be superfluous because they are already included under them 'any service for which the called party is charged.' On the other hand, reading 'any service for which the called party is charged for the call' as an additional item beyond any call to a 'paging service, cellular telephone service, specialized mobile radio service, or other common carrier service,' regardless of whether the called party is charged, gives independent meaning to each term."

- 16. It is thus clear from the plain language of the TCPA, and its considerable body of resultant case law, that the TCPA is violated when a cellular telephone is called with an automatic dialer without consent, even if no charges are alleged or incurred.
- 17. With the autodialed calls to Plaintiff's telephone commencing on or about August 2016 and continuing at a rate of approximately 1300 times thereafter, the Defendant violated various provisions of the TCPA, including but not limited to 47 USC §227(b)(A)(iii).
- . 18. The Defendant, having been informed that Plaintiff requested that no further autodialed calls be received, willfully violated the TCPA at least 1300 times.
- 19. Pursuant to the TCPA Omnibus Declaratory Ruling and Order, July 2015, paragraphs 138 and 139, communications from banking institutions which are exempt "...are all intended to address exigent circumstances in which a quick, timely communication with a consumer could prevent considerable consumer harms from occurring or, in the case of the remediation calls, could help quickly mitigate the extent of harm that will occur." Pursuant to Paragraph 139, (3) and (7) "In light of these considerations, we adopt the following conditions for each exempted call (voice call or text message) made by a financial institution:
- 3) voice calls and text messages are strictly limited to purposes discussed in paras.129-137 above and must not include any telemarketing, cross-marketing, solicitation, debt collection, or advertising content;
- 7) a financial institution must honor opt-out requests immediately."

- 20. Defendants are in violation of the TCPA paragraphs 139 (3) for, upon information and belief, having used their calls for debt collection and (7), failing to honor Plaintiffs' desire to opt out of telephone communications despite Plaintiff's clear, unequivocal and repeated requests that such automatic calls cease.
- 21. Defendants violated various provisions of the TCPA, including but not limited to 47 USC §227(b)(A)(iii).

# **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

22. Plaintiff hereby respectfully requests a trial by jury for all claims and issues in its Complaint to which it is or may be entitled to a jury trial.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment from the Defendant as follows:

- A. For trebled damages to be awarded to the Plaintiff in accordance with the TCPA, for each of the Defendant's willful or knowing violations of the TCPA.
  - B. A declaration that the Defendant's practices violated the TCPA;
- F. For any such other and further relief, as well as further costs, expenses and disbursements of this action, as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: July 10, 2017

Respectfully submitted.

EDWARD B. GELLER, ESQ.

EDWARD B. GELLER, ESQ., P.C., OF COUNSEL

M. HARVEY REPHEN & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 15 LANDING WAY BRONX, NEW YORK 10464 TEL:(914)473-6783 Of Counsel

Attorney for the Plaintiffs', MIKE OVADIA

To: CITIBANK 399 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10043

(Via Prescribed Service)

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Clerk of the Court, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York (Via Electronic Court Filing)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSE		CASE NO.:
MIKE OVADIA,		
	Plaintiff,	
-against-		
CITIBANK .,		
	Defenda	nt(s).

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**COMPLAINT**